

$$(1) \frac{B^f - B_0^f}{P} = I$$

$$(14) \frac{B^f}{P} = I(R - \Pi) + \frac{B_0^f}{P} = B^f [R - \Pi, A^f]$$

$$(2) \frac{B^g - B_0^g}{P} + \frac{\bar{M} - \bar{M}_0}{P} = G - T$$

$$(15) \frac{B^g}{P} = G - T - \frac{\bar{M} - \bar{M}_0}{P} + \frac{B_0^g}{P}$$

$$(3) Y - T = C + \frac{B - B_0}{P} + \frac{M - M_0}{P}$$

$$(16) \frac{B}{P} = Y - T - C(Y - T) + \frac{B_0 + M_0}{P} - L(Y, R) = B[Y, R, T, A]$$

**Démo :**

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{B}{P} &= Y - T - C(Y - T) + \frac{B_0}{P} - \frac{M - M_0}{P} \\ &= Y - T - C(Y - T) + \frac{B_0 + M_0}{P} - \frac{M}{P} \\ &= Y - T - C(Y - T) + \frac{B_0 + M_0}{P} - L(Y, R) \\ \frac{B}{P} &= B[Y, R, T, A] \end{aligned}$$